

Have got

(Present simple)

Forma interrogativa

Have	I	got ... ?
Have	you	got ... ?
Has	he	got ... ?
Has	she	got ... ?
Has	it	got ... ?
Have	we	got ... ?
Have	you	got ... ?
Have	they	got ... ?

Risposte brevi

Yes, you have. No, you haven't.
Yes, I have. No, I haven't.
Yes, he has. No, he hasn't.
Yes, she has. No, she hasn't.
Yes, it has. No, it hasn't.
Yes, you have. No, you haven't.
Yes, we have. No, we haven't.
Yes, they have. No, they haven't.

Have/Has + soggetto **got** +?

Yes, + soggetto + **have/has.**

No, + soggetto + **haven't/hasn't.**

nella forma interrogativa **got**
segue sempre il soggetto

le risposte brevi

affermative non usano
mai la forma contratta.
Have you got a dog?
Yes, I have non ~~*Yes, I've.*~~

negative usano sempre
la forma contratta.
Have you got a cat?
No, I haven't non ~~*No, I've not.*~~

non si usa mai **got** nelle risposte brevi.

Has he got a dog?
Yes, he has o *No, he hasn't*
non ~~*Yes, he has got.*~~

Have got

(Present simple)

Forma affermativa

Forma intera

I	have	got
You	have	got
He	has	got
She		got
It		got
We	have	got
You	have	got
They	have	got

Forma contratta

I've got
You've got
He's got
She's got
It's got
We've got
You've got
They've got

soggetto + **have/has** + **got** +

Have got si usa per parlare di ciò che si possiede, delle relazioni di parentela e per descrivere persone e animali.

Got rafforza l'idea di possesso

La **'s** contratta può rappresentare sia la terza persona di **have got (has)** sia quella di **be (is)**.

La differenza di significato tra le due forme si capisce dal contesto, ma anche dal **got**

Es.: Andy's got a cat. = Andy has got a cat.
My name's Jane. = My name is Jane.

HAVE GOT

AFFIRMATIVE FORM

I **have got**/ I've got
You **have got**/ You've got
He **has got**/ He's got
She **has got**/ She's got
It **has got**/ It's got
We **have got**/
We've got
You **have got**/
You've got
They **have got**/
They've got

NEGATIVE FORM

I **have not got**/ I **haven't got**
You **have not got**/ You **haven't got**
He **has not got**/ He **hasn't got**
She **has not got**/ She **hasn't got**
It **has not got**/ It **hasn't got**
We **have not got**/ We **haven't got**
You **have not got**/ You **haven't got**
They **have not got**/ They **haven't got**

INTERROGATIVE FORM

Have I got a pen?
Have you got a cat?
Has he got a dog?
Has she got a bike?
Has it got a tail?
Have we got any pens?
Have you got any cats?
Have they got any dogs?

Your turn

It.....

You.....

EXAMPLES

- I have got a pen.
- They haven't got any pens.
- He has got a headache.
- You have got a car.
- We have got pencils.
- She hasn't got any bottles.
- Have they got any fruit?
- We've got nice shoes.
- Has he got any news?
- I've got a new t-shirt.

TO HAVE

AFFIRMATIVE FORM (FULL AND SHORT FORMS)

I	You	He/She/It	We	You	They
have 've	have 've	has 's	have 've		

NEGATIVE FORM (FULL AND SHORT FORMS)

I	You	He	She	It	We	You	They
do not have don't have	do not have don't have	does not have doesn't have			do not have don't have		

INTERROGATIVE FORM

Do	Do	Does			Do		
I	you	he	she	it	we	you	they
have..?							