# Have got

(Present simple)

### Forma interrogativa

Have	1	got ?
Have	you	got ?
Has	he	got ?
Has	she	got ?
Has	it	got ?
Have	we	got ?
Have	you	got ?
Have	they	got ?

### Risposte brevi

Yes, you have. No, you haven't.
Yes, I have. No, I haven't.
Yes, he has. No, he hasn't.
Yes, she has. No, she hasn't.
Yes, it has. No, it hasn't.
Yes, you have. No, you haven't.
Yes, we have. No, we haven't.
Yes, they have. No, they haven't.

Have/Has + soggetto got + ....?

Yes, + soggetto + have/has.
No, + soggetto + haven't/hasn't.

nella forma interrogativa **got** segue sempre il soggetto

## le risposte brevi

affermative non usano mai la forma contratta.

Have you got a dog?

Yes, I have non Yes, I've.

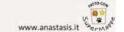
negative usano sempre la forma contratta. Have you got a cat? No, I haven't non No,-I've-not.

non si usa mai **got** nelle risposte brevi.

Has he got a dog?

Yes, he has o No, he hasn't

non Yes, he has got.



# Have got

(Present simple)

Forma affermativa

### Forma intera

	have	got
You	have	got
He		got
She	has	got
It		got
We	have	got
You	have	got
They	have	gat

### Forma contratta

I've got
You've got
He's got
She's got
It's got
We've got
You've got
They've got

soggetto + have/has + got + ....

Have got si usa per parlare di ciò che si possiede, delle relazioni di parentela e per descrivere persone e animali.

Got rafforza l'idea di possesso

La 's contratta può rappresentare sia la terza persona di have got (has) sia quella di be (is). La differenza di significato tra le due forme si capisce dal contesto, ma anche dal got

Es.: Andy's got a cat. = Andy has got a cat. My name's Jane. = My name is Jane.



# **HAVE GOT**

#### AFFIRMATIVE FORM

I have got/ I've got

You have got/You've got

He has got/ He's got

She has got/ She's got

It has got/ It's got

We have got/

We've got

You have got/

You've got

They have got/

They've got

#### **NEGATIVE FORM**

I have not got/I haven't got

You have not got/You haven't got

He has not got/He hasn't got

She has not got/ She hasn't got

It has not got/ It hasn't got

We have not got/ We haven't got

You have not got/ You haven't got

They have not got/ They haven't got

### INTERROGATIVE FORM

Have | got a pen?

Have you got a cat?

Has he got a dog?

Has she got a bike?

Has it got a tail?

Have we got any pens?

Have you got any cats?

Have they got any dogs?

Your turn

You.....

#### **EXAMPLES**

- I have got a pen.
- They haven't got any pens.
- He has got a headache.
- You have got a car.
- We have got pencils.
- She hasn't got any bottles.
- Have they got any fruit?
- We've got nice shoes.
- Has he got any news?
- I've got a new t-shirt.

# TO HAVE

P	AFFIRMATI	VE FORM ( FULL	AND SHO	RT FORMS	5)	
I You		He/She/It	We	We You		
have 've	have 've	has 's		have 've		

1	You	He	She	It	We	You	They
do not have	do not have	does not have			do not have		
don't have	don't have	doesn't have			don't have		

- 1		IIVIL	ROGATI	VL FOR	IVI	175.85	
Do	Do	Does			Do	Do	
1	you	he	she	it	we	you	they